

Table 3Specific fluxes and phenomenological fluxes of *C. vulgaris* cultivated in semi-continuous mode with different N concentrations. Values represent the average (\pm SD/average, %).

Parameter	N concentration N (mg-N/L)					
	7.5	15	22.5	30	37.5	150
M_0	0.618 ^a \pm 0.07	0.449 ^a \pm 0.02	0.399 ^a \pm 0.04	0.332 ^a \pm 0.03	0.271 ^a \pm 0.02	0.213 ^a \pm 0.03
Ψ_0	0.497 ^a \pm 0.07	0.596 ^a \pm 0.02	0.629 ^a \pm 0.023	0.654 ^a \pm 0.02	0.692 ^a \pm 0.01	0.738 ^a \pm 0.03
ϕ_{E_0}	0.322 ^a \pm 0.04	0.404 ^a \pm 0.02	0.441 ^a \pm 0.02	0.468 ^a \pm 0.02	0.505 ^a \pm 0.01	0.542 ^a \pm 0.02
ϕ_{D_0}	0.352 \pm 0.004	0.324 ^a \pm 0.02	0.299 \pm 0.006	0.285 \pm 0.01	0.270 \pm 0.01	0.266 \pm 0.01
ϕ_{PAV}	921 \pm 9	913 \pm 9	912 \pm 9	917 \pm 8	917 \pm 9	915 \pm 9
ABS/RC	1.898 \pm 0.08	1.644 ^a \pm 0.05	1.529 ^a \pm 0.09	1.341 ^a \pm 0.05	1.205 ^a \pm 0.02	1.101 ^a \pm 0.07
TR ₀ /RC	1.230 \pm 0.05	1.112 ^a \pm 0.01	1.072 ^a \pm 0.05	0.959 ^a \pm 0.04	0.880 ^a \pm 0.02	0.808 ^a \pm 0.05
ET ₀ /RC	0.612 \pm 0.09	0.663 \pm 0.03	0.673 \pm 0.01	0.627 \pm 0.03	0.608 \pm 0.01	0.596 \pm 0.04
DI ₀ /RC	0.668 \pm 0.03	0.533 ^a \pm 0.04	0.457 ^a \pm 0.04	0.382 ^a \pm 0.05	0.326 ^a \pm 0.01	0.292 \pm 0.02
PI _{Abs}	0.976 \pm 0.22	1.903 ^a \pm 0.3	2.642 ^a \pm 0.5	3.568 ^a \pm 0.5	5.059 ^a \pm 0.6	7.179 ^a \pm 1.3
DF _{Abs}	0.010 \pm 0.002	0.279 ^a \pm 0.05	0.422 ^a \pm 0.08	0.552 ^a \pm 0.01	0.704 ^a \pm 0.08	0.856 ^a \pm 0.15
ϕ_{P_0} (or F_v/F_m)	0.648 \pm 0.006	0.676 ^a \pm 0.02	0.702 ^a \pm 0.007	0.715 ^a \pm 0.01	0.730 ^a \pm 0.01	0.735 \pm 0.01

^a Denotes statistical significant differences between two sequential pairs of treatment.**Table 1**

Parameters, formulate and terms used in the OJIP test. (Adapted from [20]).

Parameters	Formulae	Terms
V_j	$(F_{2\text{ms}} - F_0) / (F_m - F_0)$	Variable fluorescence at the J step
V_i	$(F_{60\text{ms}} - F_0) / (F_m - F_0)$	Variable fluorescence at the I step
M_0	$4 * (F_{200\mu\text{s}} - F_0) / (F_m - F_0)$	Approximated initial slope of the fluorescence transients
ϕ_{P_0}	$TR_0/ABS = 1 - (F_0 / F_m) = F_v / F_m$	Maximum quantum yield for primary photochemistry (at $t = 0$)
Ψ_0	$ET_0/TR_0 = 1 - V_j$	Probability that a trapped exciton moves an electron into the electron chain beyond Q_A (at $t = 0$)
ϕ_{E_0}	$ET_0/ABS = [1 - (F_0 / F_m)] * \Psi_0 =$	Quantum yield for electron transport (at $t = 0$)
ϕ_{D_0}	$= 1 - \phi_{P_0} * (F_0 / F_m)$	Quantum yield of energy dissipation (at $t = 0$)
ϕ_{PAV}	$\phi_{P_0} * (1 - V_{av}) = \phi_{P_0} * (S_m / t_{Fm})$	Average quantum yield of primary photochemistry (from $t = 0$ to t_{Fm}), S_m is the normalized complementary area over the OJIP curve, and t_{Fm} is the time in which F_m is recorded
ABS/RC	$M_0 * (1/V_j) * (1/\phi_{P_0})$	Absorption flux per RC
TR ₀ /RC	$M_0 * (1/V_j)$	Trapped energy flux per RC (at $t = 0$)
ET ₀ /RC	$M_0 * (1/V_j) * \Psi_0$	Electron transport flux per RC (at $t = 0$)
DI ₀ /RC	$(ABS/RC) - (TR_0/RC)$	Dissipated energy flux per RC (at $t = 0$)
PI _{Abs}	$(1 / (ABS/RC)) * (\phi_{P_0} / (1 - \phi_{P_0})) * (\Psi_0 / (1 - \Psi_0))$	Performance index (absorption basis)
DF _{Abs}	$\log(PI_{Abs})$	Driving force

[20] R.J. Strasser, M. Tsimilli-Michael, A. Srivastava, Analysis of the Chlorophyll a Fluorescence Transient, Springer, 2004.