

**Table 1.** Estimated numbers of mutagenized lines required to identify a truncation mutation in mutagenized populations of different plant species

The table shows the number of lines screened to be 95% confident of identifying a non-sense (truncation) mutation in a typical 1.0 kbp of coding region, assuming that such mutations represent 5% of the total.

Species	Ploidy	Mutagen	Mutation frequency (per 10 <sup>6</sup> bp)	Number of lines required	Reference
<i>Arabidopsis</i>	Diploid	EMS	3.3	~18 000	Greene <i>et al.</i> , 2003
Rice	Diploid	MNU	7.4	~8 000	Suzuki <i>et al.</i> , 2008
Barley	Diploid	EMS	1.0	~60 000	Caldwell <i>et al.</i> , 2004
		NaN <sub>3</sub>	2.6	~23 000	Talamè <i>et al.</i> , 2008
Durum wheat	Tetraploid	EMS	25	~2 400	Slade <i>et al.</i> , 2005
Bread wheat	Hexaploid	EMS	42	~1 400	Slade <i>et al.</i> , 2005