

Table 1. Effect of DIDS on acceleration (A) and membrane permeability to HCO_3^- ($P_{\text{m,HCO}_3^-}$) and CO_2 ($P_{\text{m,CO}_2}$)

	Intact red cells	Hemolysate	Intact red cells + DIDS
Acceleration (A)	$17,220 \pm 1,120$	$17,780 \pm 4,410$	$17,710 \pm 3,080$
$P_{\text{m,HCO}_3^-}$, cm/sec	0.00164 ± 0.00015		$0.00080^* \pm 0.00010$
$P_{\text{m,CO}_2}$, cm/sec	>1		$0.09^* \pm 0.04$

$n = 8$, at 37°C and pH 7.4. Fractional red cell water volume (v) in reaction mixture averaged 0.000095. DIDS = 10^{-4} M. Acceleration (A) is the intracellular CO_2 hydration velocity constant divided by the uncatalyzed constant at 37°C (0.18 sec^{-1}). Values with * were significantly reduced; all other values were not.