TABLE 1. Comparison of Properties Between Xenopus tropicalis and Xenopus laevis

	Species	
Property	X. laevis	X. tropicalis
Ploidy	Allotetraploid	Diploid
Haploid chromosome number	18 chromosomes	10 chromosomes
Genome size	$3.1 imes 10^9 ext{ bp}$	$1.7 imes 10^9 ext{ bp}$
Temperature range	16–22°C	$22-32^{\circ}C^{a}$
Adult size	10 cm	4-5 cm
Egg size	1–1.3 mm	0.7-0.8 mm
Eggs per spawning	300-1000	1,000-9,000
Generation time ^b	8–12 months	$3-4\frac{1}{2}$ months

^aOptimal temperature range is 25–28°C.

bRate of development for both *X. tropicalis* and *X. laevis* depends significantly on husbandry conditions. The numbers shown here for *X. tropicalis* would be achieved using currently optimized conditions for raising a population to sexual maturity: 3 months for males, $4\frac{1}{2}$ months for females. The time needed to reach sexual maturity for *X. laevis* is often reported to be well over a year. Under the same rapid growth conditions used for *X. tropicalis*, the *X. laevis* would be less than this reported figure, but would typically still require 8 months or more to reach sexual maturity; the fastest males may reach sexual maturity in 6 months.