Table II. Yield coefficients for the anaerobic growth of E. coli on glucose.

j	k	$Y_{j K}$		
		Observed values	Model consensus	Units
Protein <sup>a</sup>	dry mass	0.65 ±0.06	0.6	g BSA equivalents/g dry mass
Protein	cell sulfurb	$3.7 \pm 0.2$	3.3	g BSA equivalents/mmol S
Protein	TCA-insoluble Se	$4.0 \pm 0.1$	3.7	g BSA equivalents/mmol S
H <sup>+</sup>	glucose	$2.5 \pm 0.1$	2.4	mol H/mol G
Cell sulfur	glucose	$4.1 \pm 0.4$	4.2	mmol S/mol G
Cell sulfur	H <sup>+</sup>	$1.6 \pm 0.1$	1.7	mmol S/mol H
TCA-insoluble S	cell sulfur	$0.9 \pm 0.1$	0.9	mol S/mol S
Ba <sup>2+</sup> -soluble S <sup>d</sup>	TCA-insoluble S	$0.16 \pm 0.02$	0.2	mol S/mol S

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Cell protein from Lowry assay, given in terms of the amount of BSA giving an equivalent response.

Note: The values observed in a typical set of experiments are given together with estimated 95% confidence intervals. The values listed under "Model" are a self-consistent set of values, based on several such experiments, used in calculations for predicting rates in immobilized cell reactors.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Total cell sulfur, based on <sup>35</sup>S disappearance from culture supernatant.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Macromolecular sulfur, based on <sup>35</sup>S precipitated by 5% TCA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Supernatant <sup>35</sup>S that is soluble in 0.1M BaCl<sub>2</sub>, measured at the end of the exponential phase of growth.