

### Molecule Numbers at Insect Olfactory Threshold

	dimension	Bombyx ♂	Drone			Locusta		
sensillum		S. trichodeum	S. placodeum			S. coeloconicum		
odorous compound		Bombykol	Queen Substance	caproic acid		CO <sub>2</sub>	hexenal	caproic acid
test method		behavior	EAG and single cell	single cell				
source ( $\mu\text{g}$ of odorous compound)			1 · 10 <sup>-4</sup>	1 · 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1 · 10 <sup>-1</sup>	5 · 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0,1%	4 · 10 <sup>-4</sup> 5 · 10 <sup>-3</sup>
molecule counting method	weight loss radioactive physiology		+    +			+    +		+    +
log <sub>10</sub> extrapolation from counted number			3	1	1	0	0	6    1
No. of molecules leaving source per second	A $\frac{1}{\text{sec}}$	7 · 10 <sup>6</sup>	7 · 10 <sup>8</sup>	9 · 10 <sup>9</sup>	2 · 10 <sup>14</sup>	8 · 10 <sup>18</sup>	2 · 10 <sup>10</sup>	4 · 10 <sup>11</sup>
cross sectional area of air current at antenna	B $\text{mm}^2$	4 · 10 <sup>4</sup>	28	28	28	28	28	28
air volume / sec	C $\frac{1}{\text{sec}}$	40	0,05	0,10	0,10	0,3	0,14	0,14
molecular velocity (0° C)	D $\frac{\text{m}}{\text{sec}}$	155	155	177	223	362	242	223
outline area of antenna	E $\text{mm}^2$	6	6	1,1				
total surface area of antenna (incl. hairs etc.)	F $\text{mm}^2$	36	36	E · π	$\frac{F}{E} = \pi$	$\frac{F}{E} = \pi$	$\frac{F}{E} = \pi$	$\frac{F}{E} = \pi$
No. of sensilla	G	1 · 10 <sup>4</sup>	200	1 · 10 <sup>3</sup>	1 · 10 <sup>3</sup>			
No. of receptor cells per sensillum	H	(1)-2	(1)-2	16	16	1	4 (-5)	4 (-5)
No. of specialized cells per sensillum	I	(1)-2	(1)-2	>2	>2	1	1	1
No. of sensory pores per sensillum	J	3200	3200	3800	3800	?		
area of sensory pores per sensillum	K $\mu^2$	0,53	0,53	0,66	0,66	?	0,13	0,13
area of sensory pores per cell	$\frac{K}{H} \mu^2$	0,27	0,27	0,04	0,04	?	0,03	0,03
No. of molecules / cm <sup>3</sup>	$\frac{A}{C} \frac{1}{\text{cm}^3}$	2 · 10 <sup>2</sup>	1 · 10 <sup>7</sup>	9 · 10 <sup>7</sup>	2 · 10 <sup>12</sup>	3 · 10 <sup>16</sup>	1 · 10 <sup>8</sup>	3 · 10 <sup>9</sup>
No. of molecular strikes per $\mu^2 \times$ second	$\frac{A \cdot D}{C \cdot E} \frac{1}{\mu^2 \text{sec}}$	4 · 10 <sup>-3</sup>	4 · 10 <sup>2</sup>	3 · 10 <sup>3</sup>	7 · 10 <sup>7</sup>	2 · 10 <sup>12</sup>	5 · 10 <sup>3</sup>	1 · 10 <sup>5</sup>
No. of molecular strikes per second x receptor surface of 1 cell (no ads.)	$\frac{A \cdot D \cdot K}{C \cdot E \cdot H} \frac{1}{\text{sec}}$	1 · 10 <sup>-3</sup>	90	110	3 · 10 <sup>6</sup>		170	3 · 10 <sup>3</sup>
No. of molecular strikes against total antennal surface (no adsorption)	$\frac{DFB}{C \cdot E}$		160	90	27	34	19	26
No. of molecules per sec x receptor surface of 1 cell (adsorption with 1 <sup>st</sup> strike)	$\frac{AEK}{BFH} \frac{1}{\text{sec}}$	7 · 10 <sup>-6</sup>	1	4	9 · 10 <sup>4</sup>		7	140

FIGURE 14. Olfactory threshold calculations for *Bombyx*, drone and locust. Morphological data for *Bombyx* from Steinbrecht (unpubl.), for the bee from Richards (1952), and for *Melanoplus* from Slifer, Prestage, and Beams (1959). A detailed description of the experimental procedures and the evaluation of data will be given elsewhere. The value (DFB): (C6E) represents the strikes of a single molecule (see second line from bottom).