

plex. The rate constant $k_{\text{OH}^-K_W}$ measured in seawater is related to the value at infinite dilution by the equation

$$k_{\text{OH}^-K_W} = k^{\circ}_{\text{OH}^-K_W} \gamma_{\text{CO}_2} / \gamma^{\ddagger}_{\text{HCO}_3^-} \quad (14)$$

where $k^{\circ}_{\text{OH}^-}$ is the rate constant at infinite dilution and the activity coefficients refer to seawater. The other CO_2 hydration and dehydration rate constants in seawater are related to their values at infinite dilution by the equations

$$k_{\text{CO}_2} = k^{\circ}_{\text{CO}_2} \gamma_{\text{CO}_2} / \gamma^{\ddagger}_{\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3}, \quad (15)$$

$$k_d = k^{\circ}_d \gamma_{\text{HCO}_3^-} / \gamma^{\ddagger}_{\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3}, \quad (16)$$

and

$$k_{\text{HCO}_3^-} = k^{\circ}_{\text{HCO}_3^-} / \gamma^{\ddagger}_{\text{HCO}_3^-}. \quad (17)$$