TABLE 1. Characteristics of bacterioplankton collected from two sites determined by flow cytometry<sup>a</sup>

| Location             | Depth<br>(m) | Date       | Population density (cells/ml, 10 <sup>6</sup> ) | MCV <sup>b</sup><br>(μm³) | DNA <sup>c</sup><br>(fg/cell) | Carbon biomass <sup>d</sup><br>(µg of C/liter) |
|----------------------|--------------|------------|---|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Resurrection Bay     | 0            | 3 Apr. 89  | 0.71  | 0.042                     | 4.7                           | 10.4   |
| Resurrection Bay I   | 10           | 10 Dec. 89 | 0.83  | 0.048                     | 2.5                           | 13.9   |
| Resurrection Bay II  | 10           | 24 Mar. 90 | 0.20  | 0.052                     | 2.7                           | 3.6  |
| Resurrection Bay III | 10           | 28 Aug. 90 | 1.07  | 0.074                     | 3.7                           | 27.7   |
| North Sea            | 10           | 16 Feb. 91 | 0.11  | 0.061                     | 3.3                           | 2.4  |

 $<sup>^</sup>a$  The two sites were Resurrection Bay near Seward, Alaska, and near the oyster grounds, North Sea, The Netherlands.  $^b$  MCV, mean cell volume.  $^c$  Apparent DNA content (population mean).  $^d$  The conversion factor  $0.35\times 10^{-12}$  g of carbon per  $\mu m^3$  (8) was used.