TABLE II bAPPARENT ACTIVATION ENERGIES (kcal mol $^{-1}$) OF CHLORIDE EXCHANGE IN RED CELLS AT $0\text{-}38^{\circ}\text{C}$

[Cl] ₀ (mM)	Erythrocytes	Ghosts			NH₄Cl-loaded erythrocytes
		165	320	600	150-350
0~15°C	30.2±0.6 (0.999)	28.1 ± 1.6 (0.997)	30.6±0.9 (0.999)	31.2±0.9 (0.999)	31.6*
15~38°C	19.7±0.5 (0.999)	19.8±0.9 (0.997)	18.3±0.7 (0.998)	19.4±0.4 (0.999)	19.0*
0~38°C	23.5 ± 1.3 (0.993)	22.8±1.0 (0.994)	23.6 ± 1.6 (0.989)	23.7 ± 1.4 (0.992)	24.6±1.8 (0.995)

The activation energies were calculated according to Eq. (3) and (4) (see Materials, Methods, and Calculations). The correlation coefficients are stated in brackets.

* Indicates that Eq. (4) was used.

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7.6	141-141	141
8.0	125-132	129
9.0	107-123	115
10.0	77–87	82

The rate of ³⁶Cl efflux was measured by means of the flow-tube technique. The increase of flux with increasing pH from 5.6 to 7.0 at 38°C is similar in both ghosts and erythrocytes. The steep decrease of chloride flux in erythrocytes at pH values above 7.2 (viz. Fig. 5) contrasts with a gradual decrease of 50% over 3 pH units in ghosts.